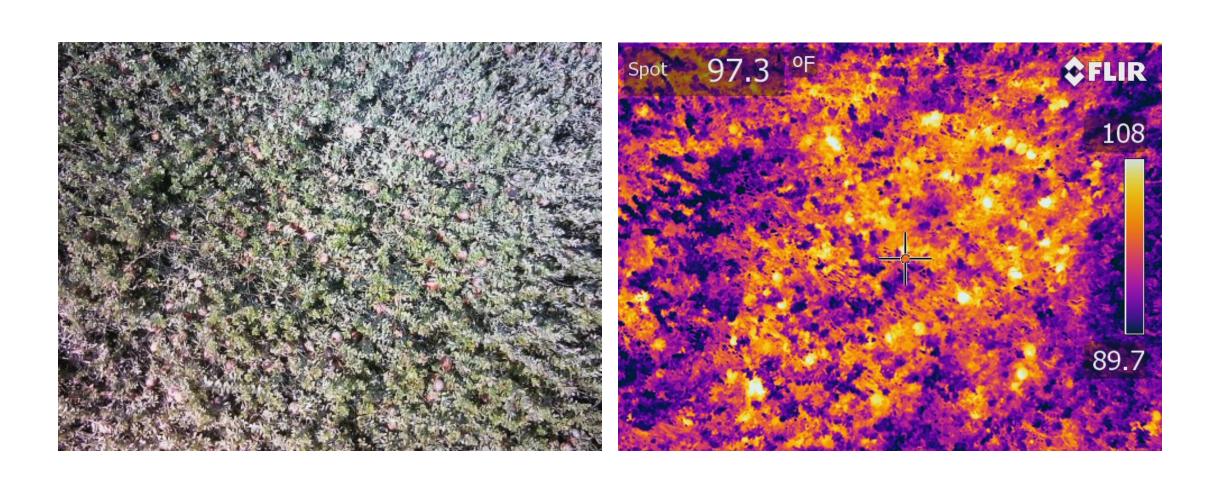
# Cranberry Overheating Is it a problem in your neck of the woods

**Peter Oudemans** 

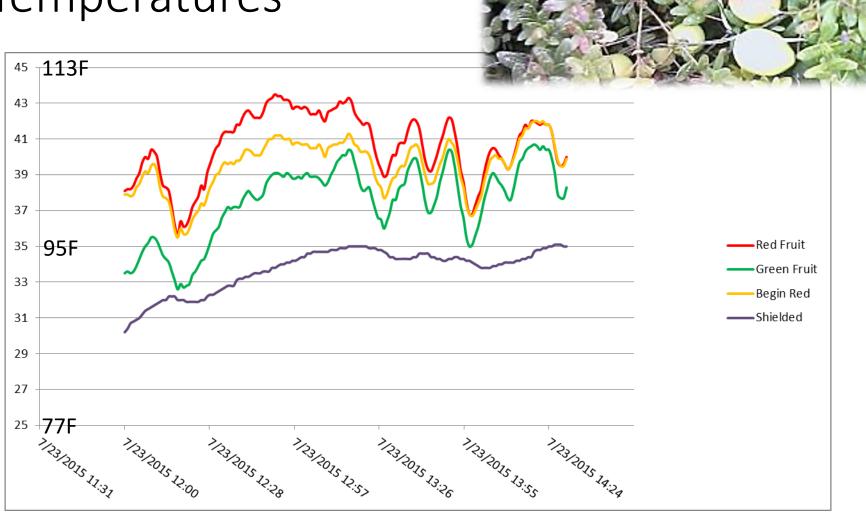
Dept. Plant Biology

Rutgers, The State University

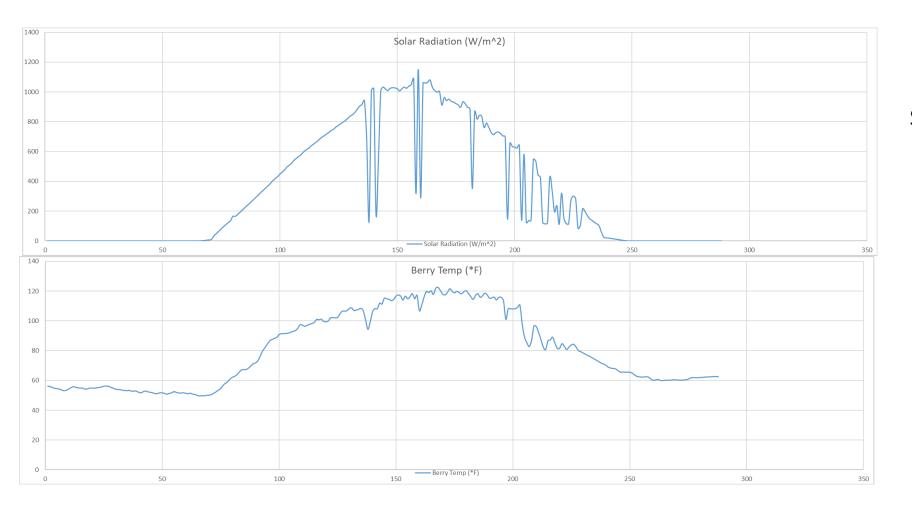
## Fruit temperature is higher than canopy temperature



### Internal Fruit Temperatures



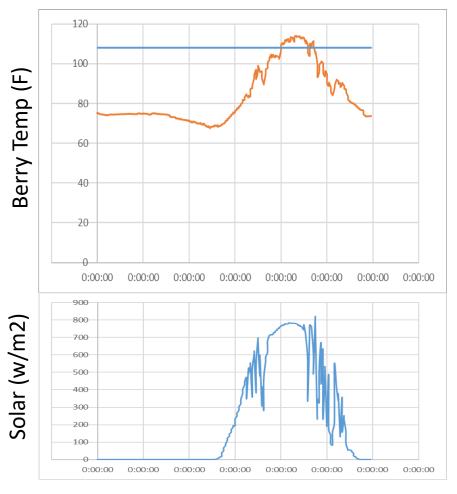
#### Cause and Effect....

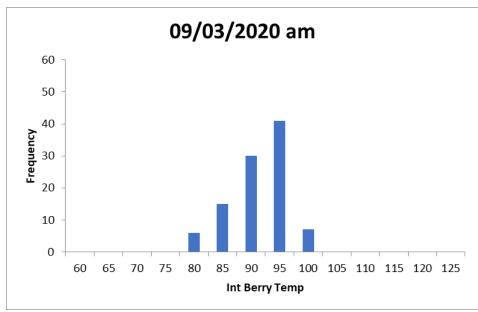


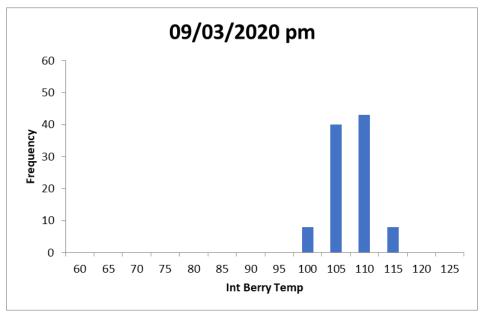
SOLAR RADIATION (w/m<sup>2</sup>)

BERRY TEMPERATURE (F)

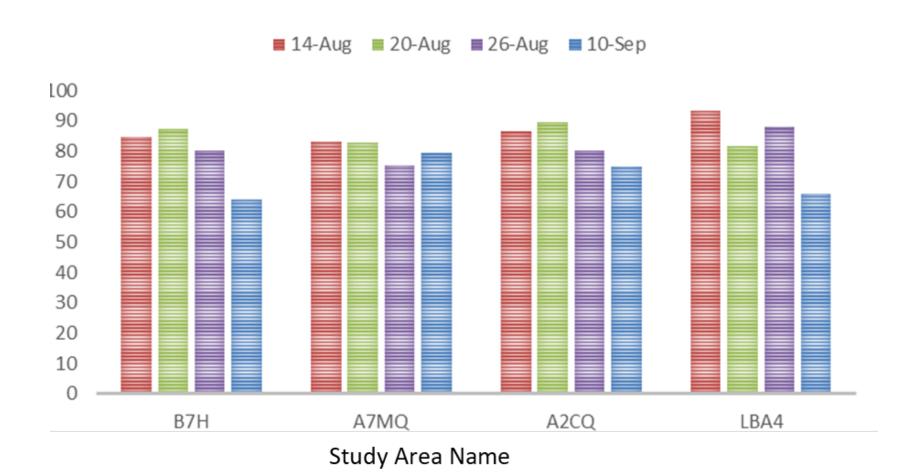
#### Internal Berry Temperature





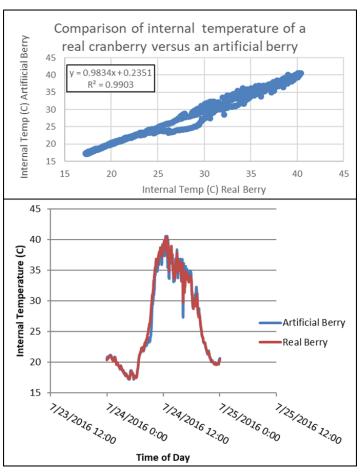


### Changes in Fruit Quality

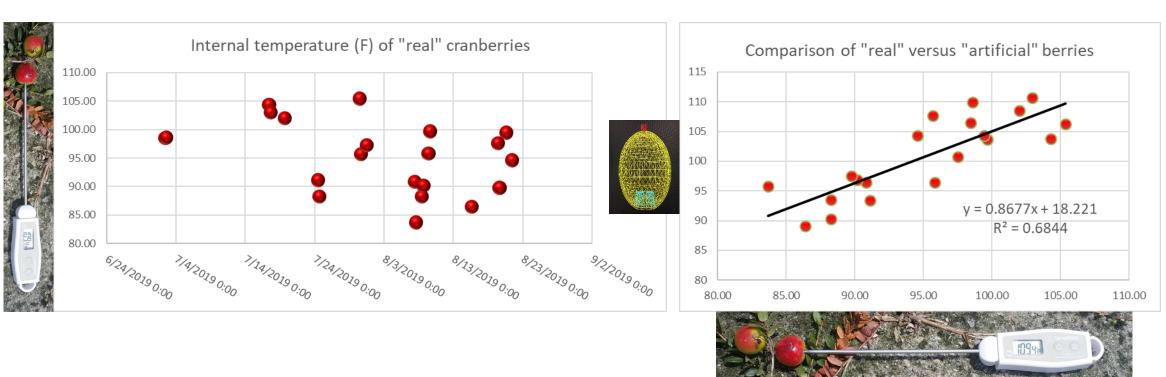


### Monitoring Over heating





### Comparison of berry temperature throughout the season



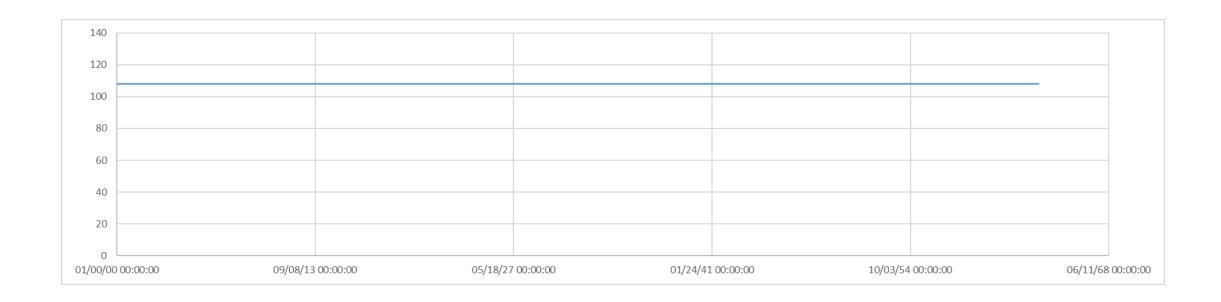
### Heat Monitoring



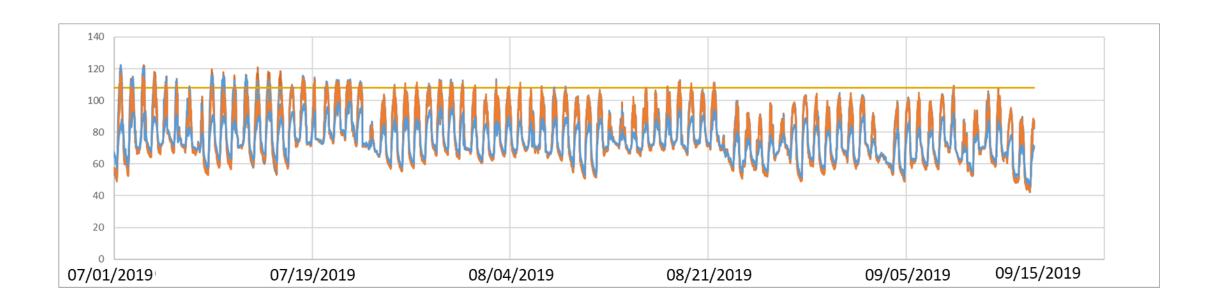




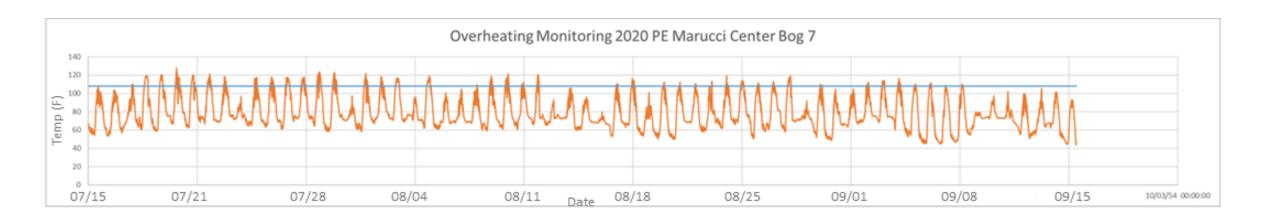
#### Summer 2019 – Threshold 108F



### Berry Temperatures from July 1, 2019-September 15, 2019 with shaded temperature



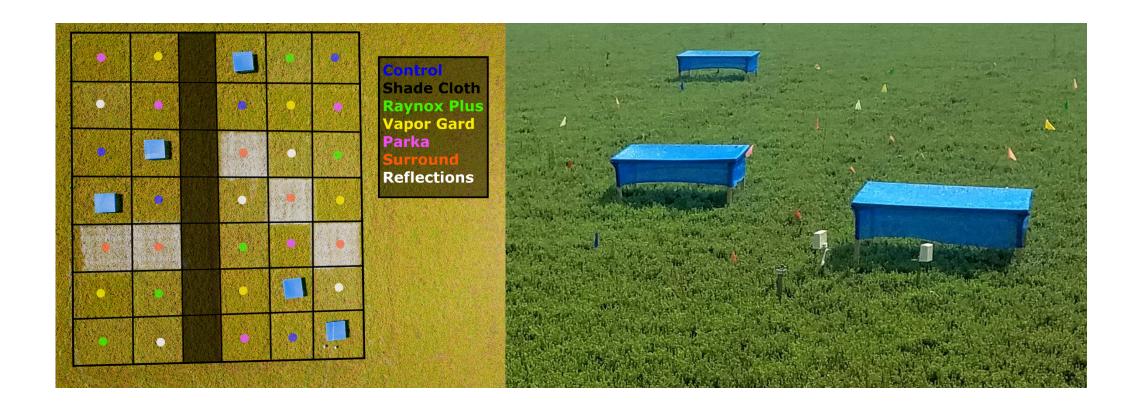
### Berry Temperatures from July 15, 2020-September 15, 2020



#### Treatments for Reducing Over-heating

- Shade cloth (Red) can reduce solar radiation and berry temperature.
- Raynox Plus (Green) is a wax designed to prevent sunburn in apples
- Vapor Guard (Yellow) is a material designed to reduce evaptranspir
- Parka (Pink) is a phospholipid designed to enhance the cuticle
- <u>Surround</u> (Orange) Kaolinite clay designed to increase albedo
- Reflections (White) Calcium carbonate to
- UTC (Blue)

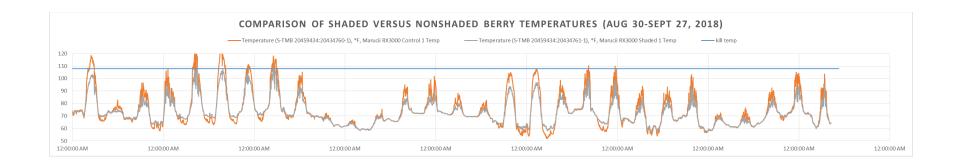
#### Research Plots



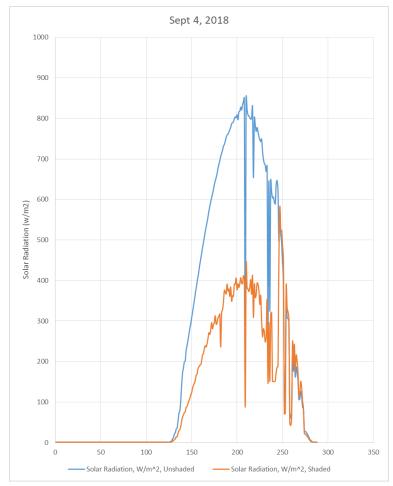
### Larger Scale Studies

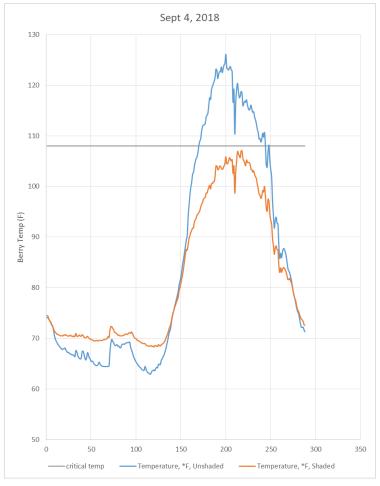


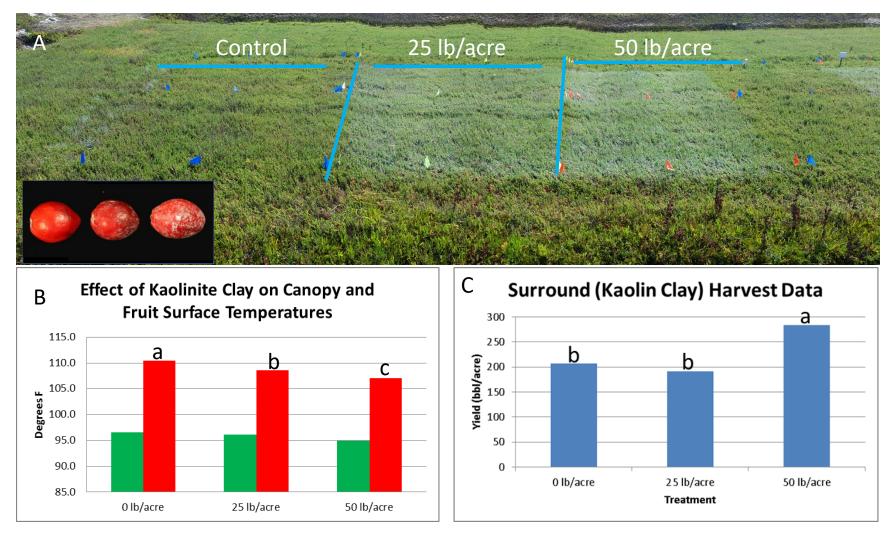
## Effect of shading on internal berry temperature



## Effect of shading on internal berry temperature

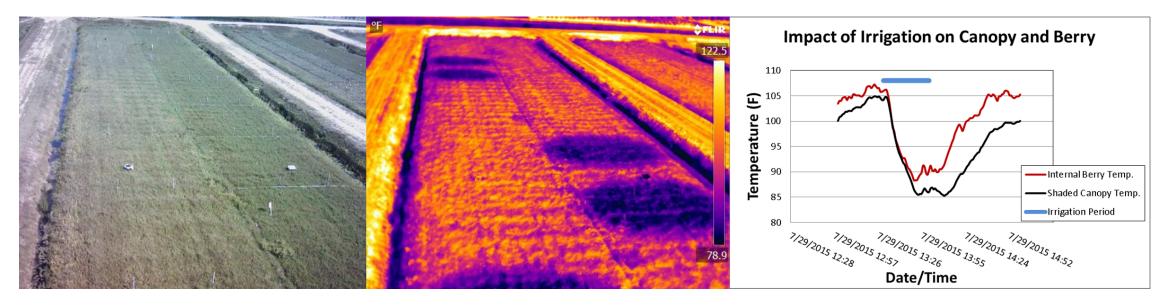






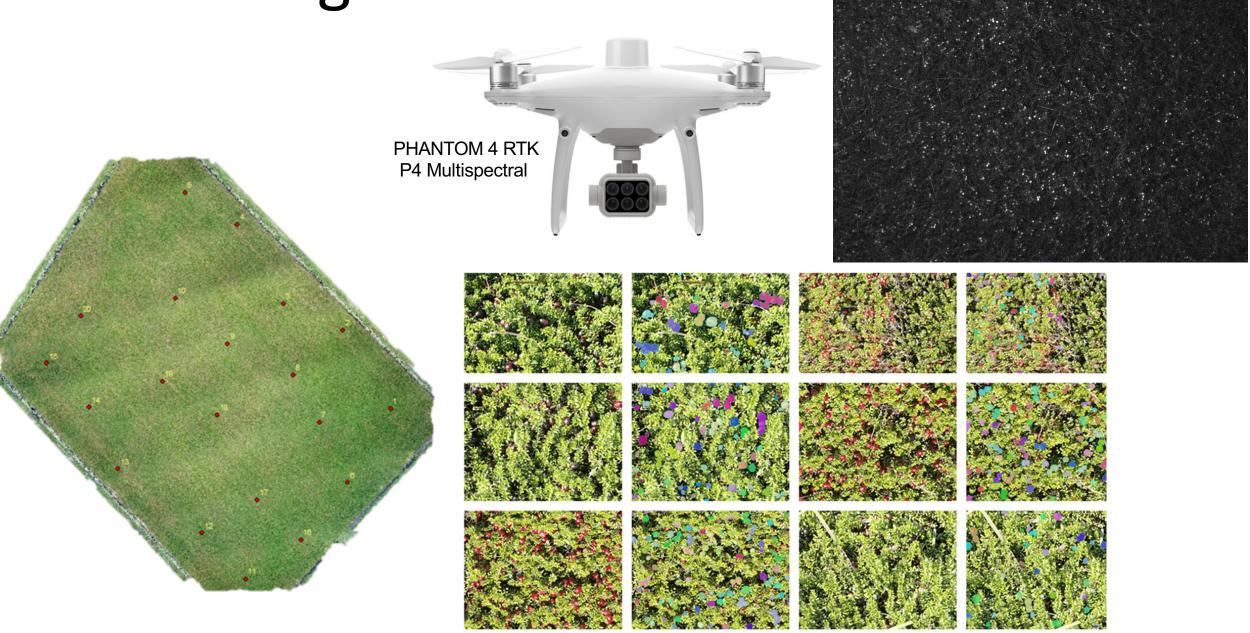
Use of kaolin clay (Surround on cranberry fruit. A) Field trial with clay applications. (inset fruit showing white residue). B) Impact on fruit and canopy temperatures during peak sunlight. C) Impact on yield of sound fruit.

### **Evaporative Cooling**



Impact of misting on cranberry canopy temperatures during mid-day. A. Color photo. B) Thermal image showing a ~40F degree range in temperature C) internal cranberry temperature during irrigation.

### Measuring Risk





Site Specific Plans Canopy structure can play a big role in fruit exposure therefore at-risk beds should be prioritized for control.

Evaporative cooling is the most reliable method versus sprayable materials

